

**Flt1 N-Terminal His Tag. Sf9 cells Active Enzyme**

EGFR-1, Vascular permeability factor receptor, Tyrosine-protein kinase receptor FLT, Tyrosine-protein kinase FRT, Fms-like tyrosine kinase 1

**BACKGROUND**

Receptor for VEGF, VEGFB and PGF. Has a tyrosine-protein kinase activity. The VEGF-kinase ligand/receptor signaling system plays a key role in vascular development and regulation of vascular permeability. Isoform SFlt1 may have an inhibitory role in angiogenesis.

Description: Human recombinant Flt1 (FMS-like tyrosine kinase), also known as VEGFR1 (Vascular endothelial growth factor receptor 1), GenBank Accession No. AF063657, a.a. 783-end with N-terminal His tag, MW=67.5 kDa, expressed in a Baculovirus infected Sf9 cell expression system.

**ACTIVITY**

Useful for the study of enzyme kinetics, screening inhibitors, and selectivity profiling. Specific Activity: 170 U/mg. One unit is defined as the amount of enzyme that will transfer 1 nmol phosphate to the tyrosine substrate per minute at pH 7.4 and 30°C. Assay buffer: 50 mM HEPES, pH 7.4, 3 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 3 mM MnCl<sub>2</sub>, 1 mM DTT, 3 uM Na-orthovanadate, 0.1 mM ATP, 30 ug/ml Poly (Glu:Tyr)4:1 substrate, and 2 ug /ml recombinant Flt1.

**PURITY**

>70% by SDS-PAGE

**APPLICATIONS**

Useful for the study of enzyme kinetics, screening inhibitors, and selectivity profiling.

**ORDERING INFORMATION**

**CATALOG NUMBER**

X1758E

**SIZE**

10 µg

**CUSTOMER STORAGE**

Product should be stored at -80°C.  
Aliquot to avoid freeze/thaw cycles

**FORMULATION**

40 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 110 mM NaCl, 2.2 mM KCl, 500 mM Imidazole, 0.04% Tween-20, 20% glycerol, and 3 mM DTT.

**SHIP CONDITIONS**

Ship on dry ice, freeze upon arrival

**STABILITY**

Products are stable for one year from purchase when stored properly

**CONCENTRATION**

See vial for concentration

**SOURCE**

Baculovirus infected Sf9 cells

## **ASSAY METHODS**

### **MATERIALS**

Use Invitrogen Z'-Lyte kinase assay kit - Tyrosine 4 peptide

### **PROCEDURE**

1. Make 1X assay buffer.
2. Make substrate solution (1:250 dilution of the stock solution in 1X assay buffer containing 400  $\mu$ M ATP). The final concentration is 2  $\mu$ M for Tyr4 peptide substrate and 200  $\mu$ M for ATP.
3. Make phosphorylated Tyr 4 peptide substrate solution (1:250 dilution of the stock in 1X assay buffer). The final concentration of phosphorylated Tyr 4 peptide substrate is 2  $\mu$ M.
4. Dilute FLT1 to 20 ng / $\mu$ l with 1X assay buffer, and transfer 25  $\mu$ l to each well (500 ng FLT1 per reaction). Add 25  $\mu$ l of 1X assay buffer to the designated well for a negative control and the another designated well for a positive control.
5. Add 25  $\mu$ l of substrate solution (from step 2) to wells containing FLT1 and the negative control, and 25  $\mu$ l of phosphorylated Tyr4 peptide substrate (from step 3) to the designated well for the positive control.
6. Incubate the reaction at room temperature for 1 hour.
7. Make a developer solution by diluting developer reagent B in developer dilution buffer (1:32 dilution).
8. Add 25  $\mu$ l of diluted developer to each well.
9. Incubate the reaction at room temperature for 1 hour.
10. Add 25  $\mu$ l of Stop solution to each well.
11. Read fluorescence intensity at exc360/em460 and exc360/em520

### **REFERENCES**

1. Rahimi, N., et al. J. Biol. Chem., 275: 16986-16992, 2000
2. Shibuya, M. Int. J. Biochem. Cell Biol., 33: 409-420, 2001

### **PRODUCT SPECIFIC REFERENCES**