



**PTP-PEST (2-300)/PTPN12 N Terminal GST Tag. E.coli Active Enzyme**  
Protein-tyrosine phosphatase G1, PTPG1

**BACKGROUND**

PEST also known as Tyrosine-protein phosphatase, non-receptor type 12 (PTPN12), Protein-tyrosine phosphatase G1 or PTPG1 is a protein-tyrosine phosphatase (PTP) involved in regulating the Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome protein (WASp). WASp is tyrosine dephosphorylated by (PTP)-PEST via proline, serine, threonine phosphatase interacting protein (PSTPIP)1 binding. PTP-PEST combined with PSTPIP1 inhibits WASp-driven actin polymerization and synapse formation. PTP-PEST plays a central role in regulating WASp and is absolutely required for WASp contributions to T cell activation.

**ACTIVITY**

1.5 nmole/min/ $\mu$ g of enzyme; Determined using pNPP; Reaction conditions: 50  $\mu$ M pNPP, 10 min incubation at 30°C, 1  $\mu$ g enzyme.

**PURITY**

>80%

**APPLICATIONS**

**ORDERING INFORMATION**

**CATALOG NUMBER**

X1664E

**SIZE**

20  $\mu$ g

**CUSTOMER STORAGE**

Enzyme should be stored at -20°C.  
Enzyme should be kept on ice when dispensing

**FORMULATION**

Provided in 25 mM Tris-HCl, 75 mM NaCl, pH 8.0, 0.05% Tween, 5 mM DTT and 50% glycerol

**SHIP CONDITIONS**

Ship on gel ice, store at -20°C immediately upon arrival

**STABILITY**

Products are stable for one year from purchase when stored properly

**CONCENTRATION**

See vial for concentration

**SOURCE**

Recombinant enzyme produced in E. coli

## **ASSAY METHODS**

### **MATERIALS**

1. Assay Buffer: 50 mM HEPES, pH 7.4, 100 mM NaCl, 2 mM EDTA, 3 mM DTT
2. Stop solution: 2M K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>
3. 190 mM pNPP
4. Microtiter plate
5. Microtiter plate reader capable of measurements at 405 nm
6. Water bath or incubator at 30°C

### **PROCEDURE**

1. Prepare reaction mixture:
  - a. 73  $\mu$ l assay buffer
  - b. 26  $\mu$ l pNPP (Final concentration of pNPP is 50 mM)
  - c. 1  $\mu$ l of PTP-PEST
2. Mix well and start reaction at 30°C in water bath and incubate for 10 min.
3. Add 100  $\mu$ l per well of 2 M K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> to stop the reaction.
4. Read absorbance at 405 nm using a microtiter plate reader.

### **REFERENCES**

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- [3] Yang Q., Co D., Sommercorn J., Tonks N.K.; pest *J. Biol. Chem.* 268:17650-17650(1993).
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### **PRODUCT SPECIFIC REFERENCES**

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